# Scientific Laboratory Supplies - Safety Data Sheet

(in accordance with regulation (EU) 2015/830 and regulation (EC) 1272/2008)

Revision: 2.1

Revision date: Date printed: 16 April 2021 16 September 2024

**CHE294**4

# Section 1. Identification

L	Product Identifier	CHE2944
	Product Name	POTASSIUM DICHROMATE (VI) pure 250g.
	CAS Number REACH Registration No	7778-50-9 01-2119454792-32-XXXX
	Molecular Formula	K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> =294.18

#### 1.2 Relevent identified uses of the substance or mixure & uses advised against

Uses of Material Chemical for industrial and laboratory use. Not suitable for domestic use.

1.3 Supplier

1.1

Scientific Laboratory Supplies



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(Have this document to hand)

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		(24hr)	112

# Section 2. Hazards Identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification according to regulation 1272/2008/EC

Oxidising solid, category 2	H272: May intensify fire; oxidizer.
Acute toxicity, category 2 (inhalation)	H330: Fatal if inhaled.
Acute toxicity, category 3 (oral)	H301: Toxic if swallowed.
Skin corrosion/irritation, category 1B	H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Acute toxicity, category 4 (dermal)	H312: Harmful in contact with skin.
Respiratory sensitization, category 1	H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitization, category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity, category 1B	H340: May cause genetic defects.
Carcinogenicity, category 1B	H350: May cause cancer.
Reproductive toxicity, category 1B	H360: May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Spec target organ tox - single, category 3	H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
Spec target organ tox - repeat, category 1	H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Hazard to aquatic environment, category 1	H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
Hazard to aquatic environment, category 1	H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling according to regulation 1272/2008/EC



Hazard Statements
May intensify fire; oxidizer. Toxic if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Fatal if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Statements
Keep away from heat / sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - No smoking. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection.

# Section 3. Composition

## 3.1 Substances

Component	CAS No.	EEC No.	REACH No.	Conc w/w	CLP Classification (1272/2008/CE)
Potassium Dichromate	7778-50-9	231-906-6	01-2119454792-32-XXXX	>99.8%	Ox. Sol. 2,Acute Tox. 2 (I),Acute Tox. 3 (O),Skin Corr. 1B,Acute Tox. 4 (D),Resp. Sens. 1,Skin Sens. 1,Muta. 1B,Carc. 1B,Repr. 1B,STOT SE 3 (I),STOT RE 1,Aquatic Acute 1,Aquatic Chronic 1

## Section 4. First Aid

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

-	Description of mot and measures				
	Eyes	Irrigate thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eye open. Unless contact has been slight OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION			
	Skin	Wash off skin thoroughly with water. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash before re-use. Unless contact has been slight OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION			
	Inhalation	Remove from exposure. Irrigate mouth and nasal passage with water. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION.			
	Ingestion	If conscious give several glasses of water to drink and 5-10g of ascorbic acid dissolved in water. Do not induce vomiting. If unconscious place in the recovery position. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION URGENTLY.			
	Personal protection for first aiders	Wear protective gloves / eye protection.			

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute & delayed.

No further relevant information available.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

No further relevant information available.

# Section 5. Fire Fighting

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing Media	Consider what other flammable materials are present and act accordingly.
Unsuitable Media	Nothing specified.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards Not combustible but assists burning. Contact with combustible material may cause a fire.

### **5.3 Advice for firefighters**

Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighters should wear protective clothing and breathing apparatus.

## Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Protection Avoid breathing dust-wear respiratory protective equipment. Evacuate area immediately. Do not allow general use of area until it is safe to do so.

#### **6.2 Environmental precautions**

Enviromental

Keep material out of sewers, storm drains, surface waters and soil. Notify the Environmental Agency and local Environmental Health Officer if major spillage occurs. Keep combustible material away from spillage.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Major Spillage	Shovel/sweep up into container for removal Small areas of contamination should be treated with ferrous sulphate solution to reduce the chromium to the safer (trivalent) form and the pH adjusted to 8.5 prior to disposal. Wash area down with copious amounts of water.
Minor Spillage	Vacuum up into container for removal. Carefully remove material from vacuum cleaner and transfer to sealable container for disposal. Carry out this operation under fume extraction. Small areas of contamination should be treated with ferrous sulphate solution to reduce the chromium to the safer (trivalent) form and the pH adjusted to 8.5 prior to disposal. Wash area down with copious amounts of water.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See section 8.2 for information on protective equipment and section 13 for information on disposal.

## Section 7. Storage & Handling

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breath dust. Do not allow to contaminate clothing.

Ensure Local Exhaust Ventilation maintains dust concentrations below the recommended limits.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a suitable area for oxidising agents. Do not store on wooden surfaces. Keep well separated from combustible materials.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 1.2.

## Section 8. Workplace Exposure & Personal Protection

## 8.1 Control parameters

Component	CAS No	Concentration	Workplace Exposure Limits			
			Long Term (8hr TV	VA)	Short Term 15min p	oeriod)
Potassium Dichromate	7778-50-9	>99.8%	_	-	0.05 ppm	-

Exposure data source(s) IOELV: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Respiratory Protection	Use L.E.V. or natural ventilation to maintain dust concentrations below exposure limits. If not, use a well maintained chemical cartridge respirator, or use self contained breathing apparatus.
Hand Protection	Use nitrile gloves or PVC gauntlets.
Eye Protection	Use tightly fitting chemical splash proof glasses or goggles.
Skin Protection	Avoid contact with skin. If skin contact or contamination of clothing is likely, protective clothing must be worn.
Special Hazards	No special precautions required.

# Section 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Orange red crystals.	
Odour	Odourless.	
pH	4 @ 20°C solution.	
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Boiling Point	500°C
Melting Point	398°C
Flash Point	Not applicable
Upper Flammable Limit	Not applicable
Lower Flammable Limit	Not applicable
Auto Ignition	Not applicable
Explosive Properties	No.
Oxidising Properties	Mildly oxidising in solution, strongly oxidising in strong acid solution.
Vapour Pressure	Not applicable
Relative Density	2.6800
Water Solubility	10.5%

## 9.2 Other information

No data available.

# Section 10. Stability & Reactivity

10.1	Reactivity	No data available.
10.2	Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions but starts to decompose at 500C liberating oxygen.
10.3	Possibility of hazardous reactions	No data available.
10.4	Conditions to Avoid	No specific conditions.
10.5	Incompatable Materials	Many organic compounds. Combustible materials. Acids. Alkalis.
10.6	Hazardous Decomposition Products	Liberates oxygen on decomposition which will assist in a fire.

# Section 11. Toxicological Information

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

•1	I mormation on toxicological circus				
	Eyes	The solid and solutions will cause severe irritation and corneal damage.			
	Skin	The solid and solutions will highly irritating and corrosive to the skin, local inflammation can occur from 5% solutions. Contact with broken skin may lead to ulcers especially on the hands and forearms. Can be absorbed through the skin and cause systemic poisoning and subsequent kidney damage. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.			
	LD50 Skin	1170mg/kg Rabbit			
	Ingestion	Ingestion will cause cause dental discolouration, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, and cardiovascular shock due to blood loss into the gastrointestinal tract. Necrosis of the liver and kidneys may also occur.			
	LD50 Oral	57mg/kg Rat			
	Inhalation	Inhalation of dust will produce severe irritation of the eyes, nose, throat and respiratory tract. Causes inflammation of the larynx, bronchitis, and ulceration of the nasal septum.			
	LD50 Inhalation	Not available			
	TCLo	Not available			
	Carcinogenicity	It is suspected as a long term carcinogen in man but evidence is inconclusive.			
	Mutagenicity	A mutagen.			
	Reproductive Effects	A high incidence of clinical and delivery complications has been reported in pregnant women involved in potassium dichromate production. There is evidence of movement across the placenta.			

# Section 12. Ecological

		Chromium (VI) will eventually be reduced to Chromium (III) by organic matter in water. Unlikely to bio- accumulate. Toxicity to fish-LC50 (Fathead minnow) 96hr - 105 mg/l. Very Toxic to aquatic organisms and may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
	LC50 Algal	Not available
	LC50 Crustacea	Not available
	LC50 Fish	Not available
12.2	Persistence and degradability	No data available.

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12.3	Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
12.4	Mobility in soil	No data available.
12.5	Results of PBT & vPvB assessment	Assessment not required.
12.6	Other adverse effects	None known at present.

# Section 13. Disposal Considerations

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods Disposal Methods

Never dispose of into water courses or sewerage systems. Treat with ferrous sulphate solution to reduce the chromium to the safer (trivalent) form. The pH should be adjusted to 8.5, with sodium hydroxide or sodium carbonate, prior to disposal.

Contaminated Packaging Use a licensed waste disposer.

# Section 14. Transport Information

14.1	UN Number	3086	
14.2	Proper Shipping Name	Toxic solid, oxidizing, N.O.S. (Potassium Dichromate)	
14.3	Transport classes UN classification Subsidiary hazard(s) Transport category ADR Hazard ID Tunnel Restriction Code	6.1. 5.1 2 65 D/E	TOXIC 6.1 CONDIZING AGENT 5.1
14.4	Packing Group	II	
14.5	Environment hazards	See section 12.	
14.6	Special precautions for user	No special precautions required.	
14.7	Transport in bulk	Not transported in bulk.	

## Section 15. Regulatory Information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environment regulations specific for subtance/mixture.

#### Classification, Labeling & Packaging of Substances & Mixtures Regulations (1272/2008/CE)

Classification	Oxidising solid, category 2; Acute toxicity, category 2 (inhalation); Acute toxicity, category 3 (oral); Skin corrosion/irritation, category 1B; Acute toxicity, category 4 (dermal); Respiratory sensitization, category 1; Skin sensitization, category 1; Germ cell mutagenicity, category 1B; Carcinogenicity, category 1B; Reproductive toxicity, category 1B; Spec target organ tox - single, category 3; Spec target organ tox - repeat, category 1; Hazard to aquatic environment, category 1
Signal word	Danger
Hazard Pictograms	
Hazard Statements	H272, H301, H312, H330, H314, H334, H317, H360, H340, H350, H335, H372, H410 May intensify fire; oxidizer. Toxic if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Fatal if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Statements	P210, P280 Keep away from heat / sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - No smoking. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Assessment not required.

# Section 16. Other Information

The information contained in this document only covers the hazards presented by this material, it DOES NOT constitute a workplace risk assessment. See sections 11 for toxicological information and section 12 for ecological information.

Revision number: 2.1 (Supercedes revision 2.0)

Revision date: 16 April 2021

Reviewed by chemist: 16 April 2021

Printed date: 16 September 2024

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