Scientific Laboratory Supplies - Safety Data Sheet

(in accordance with regulation (EU) 2015/830 and regulation (EC) 1272/2008)

Revision: 2.1 Revision date: 16 April 2021

Date printed: 16 September 2024

Section 1. Identification

Product Identifier CHE2330

> Product Name LEAD MONOXIDE YELLOW pure 500g.

CAS Number

REACH Registration No A registration number is not available as the substance or its uses are exempt, the

annual tonnage does not require a registration or the registration is envisaged for a

later date.

PbO = 223.20 Molecular Formula

1.2 Relevent identified uses of the substance or mixure & uses advised against

Uses of Material Chemical for industrial and laboratory use. Not suitable for domestic use.

1.3 **Supplier** Scientific Laboratory Supplies



Unit 6, Foresters Avenue Fairham Business Park

Fairham Nottingham NG11 2AF

UNITED KINGDOM

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> (24hr) 112 (Have this document to hand)

Section 2. Hazards Identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to regulation 1272/2008/EC

Acute toxicity, category 4 (oral) H302: Harmful if swallowed. Acute toxicity, category 4 (inhalation) H332: Harmful if inhaled.

Carcinogenicity, category 2 H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive toxicity, category 1A H360: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Spec target organ tox - repeat, category 1 H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Hazard to aquatic environment, category 1 H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Hazard to aquatic environment, category 1 H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ref: CHE2330

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to regulation 1272/2008/EC

Signal word Danger

Hazard Pictograms







Hazard Statements Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

drink or smoke when using this product. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you

feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

Section 3. Composition

3.1 Substances

Component	CAS No.	EEC No.	REACH No.	Conc w/w	CLP Classification (1272/2008/CE)
Lead monoxide yellow	1317-36-8	215-267-0		>99.5%	Acute Tox. 4 (O), Acute Tox. 4 (I), Carc. 2, Repr. 1A, STOT RE 1, Aquatic Acute 1, Aquatic Chronic 1

Section 4. First Aid

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eyes Irrigate thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eye open. If discomfort persists

OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Skin Thoroughly wash off skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash before re-

use.

Inhalation Remove from exposure. Keep warm and at rest. If there is difficulty in breathing give oxygen if available. If

breathing stops or shows signs of failing, apply artificial resuscitation. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Ingestion If conscious wash out mouth thoroughly with water and give water or milk to drink. Do not induce vomiting.

OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION URGENTLY.

Personal protection for first Wear protective gloves / eye protection.

aiders

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute & delayed.

No further relevant information available.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

No further relevant information available.

Section 5. Fire Fighting

5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing Media Consider what other flammable materials are present and act accordingly. Use water spray to keep fire exposed

containers cool.

Unsuitable Media Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards May evolve toxic fumes if involved in a fire.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Advice for firefighters Evacuate area immediately. Keep up wind. Avoid exposure to toxic vapours and fumes. Fire-fighters should wear

protective clothing and breathing apparatus.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Protection Evacuate area immediately. Do not allow other people to enter area. Avoid breathing dust-wear respiratory

protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental Keep material out of sewers, storm drains, surface waters and soil. Notify the Environmental Agency and local

Environmental Health Officer if major spillage occurs.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Major Spillage Vacuum up into container for removal. Carefully remove material from vacuum cleaner and transfer to sealable

container for disposal. Carry out this operation under fume extraction.

Minor Spillage Vacuum up into container for removal. Carefully remove material from vacuum cleaner and transfer to sealable

container for disposal. Carry out this operation under fume extraction.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See section 8.2 for information on protective equipment and section 13 for information on disposal.

Section 7. Storage & Handling

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breath dust. Do not allow to contaminate clothing.

Ensure Local Exhaust Ventilation maintains dust concentrations below the recommended limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Well ventilated, cool, dry storage. Keep well separated from food and food containers.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 1.2.

Section 8. Workplace Exposure & Personal Protection

8.1 Control parameters

Component	CAS No	Concentration	Workplace Exposure Limits				
			Long Term (8hr TWA) Shor		Short Term 1	ort Term 15min period)	
Lead monoxide yellow	1317-36-8	>99.5%	-	-	-	-	

Exposure data source(s) No occupational exposure data currently available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Respiratory Protection Use L.E.V. or natural ventilation to maintain dust concentrations below exposure limits. If not, use a well

maintained chemical cartridge respirator, or use self contained breathing apparatus.

Hand Protection Wear gloves.

Eye Protection No specific hazard through eye contact although the wearing of safety glasses is advised.

Ref: CHE2330

Skin Protection Avoid contact with skin. If skin contact or contamination of clothing is likely, protective clothing must be worn.

Special Hazards No special precautions required.

Section 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Yellow-buff crystalline powder.

Odour No specific odour.
pH Not applicable
Boiling Point Not available
Melting Point Not applicable
Flash Point Not applicable

Upper Flammable Limit Not applicable
Lower Flammable Limit Not applicable
Auto Ignition Not applicable

Explosive Properties No. Oxidising Properties No.

Vapour Pressure Not applicable Relative Density 9.9600

Water Solubility Practically insoluble in water.

9.2 Other information

No data available.

Section 10. Stability & Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity No data available.

10.2 Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No data available.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid No specific conditions.

10.5 Incompatable Materials No specific materials to avoid.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Decomposes to emit flammable oxygen gas and toxic fumes of oxides of lead.

Products

Section 11. Toxicological Information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Eyes Contact with the solid or dust may be irritating to the eyes but unlikely to cause serious injury.

Skin Unlikely to be an irritant on brief or occasional exposure.

LD50 Skin Not available

Ingestion Moderately toxic by ingestion.

LD50 Oral >2000 mg/Kg Rat

Inhalation Inhalation of the dust may cause ultra structural changes to the lungs and effect the central nervous system.

LD50 Inhalation >5.05 mg/L Rat (4 hours)

TCLo Not available

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

Mutagenicity Significant increases in chromosome aberrations have been reported.

Reproductive Effects No information is available.

Other Information Chronic lead poisoning may occur from dust inhalation. Anaemia and other blood effects are the most common.

Early symptoms of poisoning include fatigue, headache, sleep disturbances, aching bones and muscles,

gastrointestinal disturbances and reduced appetite. Large doses affect the central nervous system causing severe

headaches, convulsions, coma, kidney damage and death.

Section 12. Ecological

12.1 Toxicity Lead salts are harmful to the environment. Very Toxic to aquatic organisms and may cause long term adverse

effects in the aquatic environment.

LC50 Algal Not available

LC50 Crustacea 73.56 µg/L (72 hours)

LC50 Fish 107 µg/L Rainbow trout (96 hours)

12.2 Persistence and

degradability

No data available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

12.4 Mobility in soil No data available.

12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB

assessment

Assessment not required.

12.6 Other adverse effects

None known at present.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal Methods Dispose of to a licensed land fill site.

Contaminated Packaging Use a licensed waste disposer.

Section 14. Transport Information

14.1 UN Number 2291

14.2 Proper Shipping Name Lead compound, soluble, N.O.S. (Lead

Monoxide)

14.3 Transport classes

UN classification 6.1
Subsidiary hazard(s) None
Transport category 2
ADR Hazard ID 60
Tunnel Restriction Code E

14.4 Packing Group III

14.5 Environment hazards Marine pollutant.

14.6 Special precautions for No special precautions required.

user

14.7 Transport in bulk Not transported in bulk.



Section 15. Regulatory Information

15.1 Safety, health and environment regulations specific for subtance/mixture.

Classification, Labeling & Packaging of Substances & Mixtures Regulations (1272/2008/CE)

Classification Acute toxicity, category 4 (oral); Acute toxicity, category 4 (inhalation); Carcinogenicity, category 2; Reproductive

toxicity, category 1A; Spec target organ tox - repeat, category 1; Hazard to aquatic environment, category 1; Hazard

to aquatic environment, category 1

Signal word Danger

Hazard Pictograms







Hazard Statements H302, H332, H360, H351, H372, H410

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

Precautionary Statements P281, P260, P264, P270, P301+P312, P330

Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not breathe dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you

feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Assessment not required.

Section 16. Other Information

The information contained in this document only covers the hazards presented by this material, it DOES NOT constitute a workplace risk assessment. See sections 11 for toxicological information and section 12 for ecological information.

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